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Title of Invention:

METHOD FOR MANUFACTURING A BUILDING STRUCTURE.

Applicant/Proprietor: INTERNATIONAL DOME SYSTEMS

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## Description

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The invertion relates to a method for manufacturing a building abuature in accordance with the preamble of claim 4.

A method of this kind is known from US-4-

According to eald known method the foam layer is applied layer by layer and the foot plates of the anchors are offsched by means of adherive to the first foam layer. This etischment is in-edificient. Many enchors fall down under the influence of the forces which occur during spraying and due to deformations of the form by wind forces. Even after surrounding the anchor feet by the next foam layer applied over said feet said anchors are not capable to take up the loads which occur during attachment of the reinforcing rode and during spraying of the concrete.

Purpose of the invention is to provide a method by means of which the progress of the work is not disturbed by anchors which do not maintain their proper position.

According to the invention this purpose is acressed by the characterizing matures of claim 1.

By the fact that the found tayer has obtained in 25 find michness prior to mounting the anchors it is possible to insert the bent over parts of the feet of the anchors easily into the foam layer. Due to this the anchors are quickly attached.

By the fact that moreover the first contrate lever 30 is sprayed over send feet and covers used feet, a hard layer is obtained which bolds the anchors in a manner such that they can no longer locatin and are capable to carry the weight of the senforcing rods and are capable to withstand the forces which occur during apraying of the concrete on the anchors and reinforcing rods, including the weight of not yet completely hardened concrete date.

Preferably the reinforcing is one which at least in hortzontal riames is preterationable. This is made possible by the rigid attachment of the enchors.

It is observed that from US-A-3,277,219 a method is known for the manufacturing of a building structure tend of tenistic mot aldeath as a security by side of which a foam layer is sprayed until the layer. 45 has in the required thickness. After spraying and complotting said layer auchors are inserted into the foun layer in the form of wire align having a barbed or turned over inserted end which provide an attachment such that prior to any apraying of concrete religiorcing rods can be attricted to sold anothers. The mounting of said anchors by pressure or hammaring is time consurning and can domage the foom layer. Concrete is only applied for the first time after the reinforcing rods ere placed. Although epid known method discloses the possibility of primerily manufacturing the foam tayer until its firm thickness is obtained it has disadvariages in respect of the mounting of the anchors.

Spraying of the resin can be performed such that the entire invested of the form is covered so that a building structure is stready obtained from resin such as a resin dome.

It is also possible to apray part of the height with rean and to start spraying the concrete already whilst the spraying of the reain proceeds upwardy towards the too.

Mounting of the reinforcing rode can take place such that the reinforcing is completed first prior to applying the further concrete layers. One, however, can also perform the work in such a way that said concrete layers are applied after mounting part of the reinforcing rode proceeds upwardly followed by the application of the concrete, which application of the concrete of course starts at the basis.

The synthetic form can remain in place or be semoved respectively. For performing the work use can be made of a movable platform lifting device having at the outer end of a swingable and extendable arm a work platform from which any position inside the blown form can be reached with spraying devices.

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With the invention it is possible to manufacture building structures of prefumbly dome shaped configuration in a simple manner. They can have a circular basis and he part aphendal. They however may have as well an avail basis or even a rectangular basis.

The Invention concerns as well an anchor for applying the method according to the invention which anchor as known from US-A-4, 155.967 has a performed fociplete to which a rod is strained which anchor according to the invention has longues which are cut free from the plate and bent into a position perpendicular to the plate of the plate and turned away from the rod.

Said anchor has a shape such that it can be wreetted with said tongues true the found layer.

The invention will be further flustrated with reference to the drawings.

Figure 1 shows part of a building structure according to the invention.

Figure 2 shows a possible embodiment of the anchor.

Figures Se to finituative show different phases of the method according to the invention.

The building structure which can be obtained with the invention has a form 1 which by browing is brought into the proper shape and is made from pleake. Against the inverside a form synthetic layer 2 is applied by sproying. The enclose 3 are fixed upon said layer and reinforcing rode 4 are establed to cold anchors. For mounting the enchors use can be made of an eutility relinforcement 4' such as rode which support the anchors for and during performing further operations. This space around said reinforcing rode which is defined outwardly by the form synthetic layer 2 is filled with concrete 5 by spraying. Prior to building

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the concrete layer 5 layer by layer 6 first layer 5 is eprayed over the feet 8 of the enchors. The plactic form 1 is connected in an air-light manner at 5 to a prefabilistic formout on 7.

The anchors may have the form shown in figure 2 comprising a perforated footblate 8 having bent over torgues 9, which can be pressed into the foem synthetic tayer 2 and with an outwardly extending rod or aim 10 serve for connecting to them the reinforcing rods: By applying the first concrete layer 8 said anchors are well held in place sufficiently to carry the reinforcing rods:

Figure 3 showns in figure 3s diagrammatically a part of an annular foundation 7 which has to be provided:

Figure 3b shows the application of the form 1 in this not yet inflated condition.

Figure 3c chows the inflation by means of lans 11.

The inflated half is provided with an air lock 12 known.
In [1981].

Figure 3d shows the Inflated hall In a cut-open way. Present in the hall be working device 13 liaving a working platform 14 by means of which through a supply conduite 15 synthetic from, such as polymetriane can be supplied by the schematically shown device 16 and sprayed upon the innerside of the inflated form 1.

Figure 3e shows the mouting of horizontal annuter reinforcing note as well as minforcing rode extending in vertical planes, after which, as shown in figure 30 30, by means of the device 13 concrete 5, and 5 respectively can be sprayed.

The hall obtained linelly no longer needs the lans and entrance lock respectively.

In case whichows are needed auxiliary frames can be placed with the aid of anchors upon the synthetic fearn layer 3 as achematically indicated at 17 in figure 3d. After complaint, the building structure, which means after hardening of the concrete, which concrete surrounds the succliary frames, the plastic layer of the form and the form layer can be cut away and a real window frame with or without gines can be placed in the opening obtained therewith.

## Claims

1. Method for manufacturing a building structure in which an inflatable form (1) which has been provided with an entrance look (12) is mounted in an airtight manner on a base or foundation (7) which form (1) by means of suitable devices is inflated and after having obtained by correct shape by inflation a form reain layer (2) is approved upon the innervide of the form (1), anothers, each having a perforated foot plate (8) to which an anchoring rod (19) is attached, are placed with their plate-shaped feet (8) on said form room lover (2), whereby said anchoring rods (10) are

inwardly directed, reinforcing rods (4) are allacted to said anchoring rods (10) after approying a first layer concrete (5') upon the foam layer (2), chereoted and that primarily the foam rewin layer (2) is menujectured until its final required thickness to obtained, that only thereafter the anchors (8, 10) are placed and fixed to the foam layer (2) by inserting of bent portions (9) which are out free from the plate (8) and bent over into a position perpendicular to the plane of the plate (8) and that the first concrete layer (5) is approved over the feat (8) of said anchors which its against the innerside of the foam layer (2).

2. Method according to claim 1, characterized in trail the miniorcoment of least in horizontal planes is

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3. Mathod according to claim 1 or 2 in which for the manufacturing of whodow frames and the like frames are placed which are fixed by the appaying of the concrete layer, characterized in that the frames are temporary frames of which form and dimension correspond to the form and dimension of the final window frames, which frames are placed upon the foam layer, and efter the application of the concrete, form material and foam are removed at the location of the frames and said frames are removed and replaced by the final window frames.

4: Anchor for use in the method according to one or more of the proceeding claims comprising a perforated fool plate to which a rod is attached, characterized in that said plate (8) had bent over into a position perpendicular to the plate of the plate (8), and turned away from said rod (10).

## Patentansprücha

]. Vertehven zum Heretolleh einne Gabzudes, bei dem eine aufblasbara Form (1) welche mit einer Emfahrtschleuse (12) vorschen ist, fulträcht abschlie-Cond pur siner Basis oder einem Fundament (7) angebracht wird, welche Form (1) mit Hilfe geeigneter Environmen augeblaten wird und nach Emaldien der genauen Gestalt durch das Aufblasso eine Scheumharzschicht (2) auf der Innensalle der Form (1) autgesprüht wird, Anker, die jewalls pine pertorierts Fußplatto (8) haben, an welcher ein Ankarstab (10) angebracht ist, mit ihren platter/ormigen Füssen. (8) auf die Schaumbarzschicht (2) gelegt werden. wobel de Ankarstab (10) nech inten weisen, und Beweitrungsstäbe (4) an den Antierstäbe (10) angebracht werden; nachdom eine erste Setonochicht (5) auf die Schoumschicht (2) gespauht wurde, dedurch gekennselctmet, daß die Schaumbwzschlein (2) granet hergostellt wird, bis time abschilations and defliche Starke erreicht ist, deß nur erechtleGend die Ankar (8, 10) mut die Schaumschicht (2) gelegt und

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